

## **Examination**

***“Material Characterisation – Optical Spectroscopy (Prof. Dr. Jüstel)”***

**Date: September 10<sup>th</sup>, 2013**

**Max. 25 Points**

**Name, Given name:**

**Enrolment number:**

**Please only use these sheets (you might also use the reverse)!**

**Task 1)**

**(4 Points)**

### **Quantities and Terms**

Please explain the following expressions! (1 Point each)

- a) Radiometric quantities
- b) Photometric quantities
- c) Lumen equivalent
- d) Quantum efficiency

## Task 2)

(6 Points)

### Luminescence spectroscopy

- a) Sketch the build-up of a typical fluorescence spectrometer and assign all required optical components! (3 Points)
  
- b) Describe the way to record an emission spectrum of a luminescent material, e.g. of  $\text{Y}_2\text{O}_3:\text{Eu}^{3+}$  powder, that shows a charge-transfer transition at 230 nm! (1 Point)
  
- c) Describe the way to record an excitation spectrum of a luminescent material, e.g. of  $\text{Y}_2\text{O}_3:\text{Eu}^{3+}$  powder, that shows an emission line at 611 nm! (1 Point)
  
- d) Why is it commonly necessary to correct excitation spectra? Please also describe the process of the correction! (1 Point)

**Task 3)****(6 Points)****Reflection spectroscopy**

- a) Sketch the build-up of a typical reflection spectrometer and assign all required optical components! (3 Points)
- b) What is the function of the Ulbricht sphere? (1 Point)
- c) Please explain by taking the Kubelka-Munk-Function ( $R_\infty$  = reflectance,  $A$  = absorption coefficient und  $S$  = scattering coefficient) into account, why perfectly black or white substances do not exist! (2 Points)

Kubelka-Munk-Function: 
$$F(R_\infty) = \frac{A}{S} = \frac{(1 - R_\infty)^2}{2 \cdot R_\infty}$$

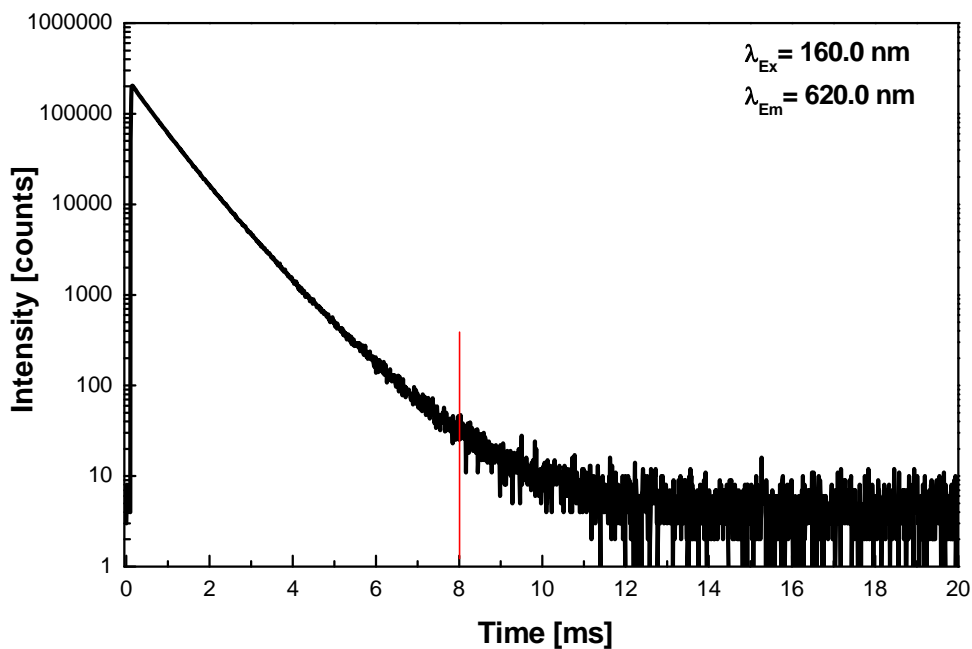
## Task 4)

(4 Points)

### Time resolved spectroscopy

a) Describe the procedure to record a decay curve of a luminescent material! (2 Points)

b) The figure below displays the decay curve of  $\text{YVO}_4:\text{Eu}^{3+}$ , which is used in high-pressure Hg discharge lamps. Please determine the decay constants  $\tau_{1/e}$  and  $\tau_{1/10}$ ! (1 Point)



c) Please name a potential cause for the deviation of the curve from linearity for the above given  $\log(\text{Intensity})$  over time  $t$  plot about 5 ms after the excitation source has been switched off! (1 Point)

**Task 5)**

**(5 Points)**

**Temperature resolved spectroscopy**

- a) Describe the way to record a glow curve of a luminescent material! (2 Points)
- b) Which information can be withdrawn from the glow curves (3 Points)